HKOI Senior Q3 (Desktop Icons) Editorial

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 Given N icons on a R × C desktop. Each icon is either black (B) or white (W) and occupies one slot.

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- Each icon also has an importance value v_i .
- Given K wallpapers. Each wallpaper is black-and-white, with $R \times C$ tiles.

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- Your task: to maximize the sum of importance values of visible icons.
- You may choose a wallpaper and move the icons around.
- Perform the following at most 6400 times: choose an icon and move it to an empty slot.

Sample IO

Sample Input 1

122

1 1 W 10

WW

WW

Sample Input 2

122

1 1 W 10

2

WW

WW

WW

BW

Sample Output 1

0 1 0

Sample Output 2

10 2 1

1121

Sample IO

Sample Input 3

3 2 2

1 1 B 10

1 2 W 10

22B10

1

BW

WB

Sample Output 3

30 1 3

1121

1211

2 2 1 2

Sample Output 3b

30 1 0

Constraints

For all cases:

$$1 \le N \le R \times C$$
$$1 \le R, C \le 80$$

$$0 \leq v_i \leq 10^5$$

$$1 \leq K \leq 100$$

Points Constraints

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \textbf{1} & & \textbf{12} & & R,C \leq 40 \\ & & K=1 \end{array}$$

All wallpaper tiles are of the same color

2 15
$$R, C \le 40$$

 $K = 1$

$$R, C \le 40$$

 $N = R \times C$

$$egin{array}{ll} oldsymbol{4} & ext{21} & R,C \leq 40 \ v_i = 1 \end{array}$$

5 12
$$R, C \le 40$$

6 24 No additional constraints

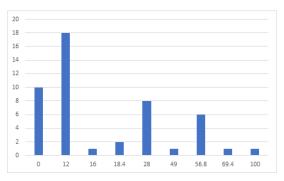
- Correct sum and sequence of (at most 6400) moves: 100%
- Correct sum: 40%

Statistics

Attempts: 48 Mean: 21.916 Stddev: 22.272

Top scores: 100 (dbsgame, 1:27), 69.4 (dbscat), 56.8 (6 contestants)

Score distribution:



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- Algorithmically simple, but very hard to code...
- Risky to attempt full solution in the beginning

Subtask 1 (12 points): $R, C \leq 40, K = 1$, tiles of same color



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No need to move icons.



Subtask 1 (12 points): $R, C \leq 40, K = 1$, tiles of same color

- No need to move icons.
- Just sum the values of all icons, whose color is different from that of the tiles.

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Subtask 3 (16 points): $R, C \leq 40, N = R \times C$



Subtask 3 (16 points): $R, C \leq 40, N = R \times C$

• Cannot move icons.



Subtask 3 (16 points): $R, C \leq 40, N = R \times C$

- Cannot move icons.
- For each wallpaper, it is straight-forward to calculate the sum of values of visible icons.



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Subtask 2 (15 points): $R, C \le 40, K = 1$ Subtask 4 (21 points): $R, C \le 40, v_i = 1$



```
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Subtask 4 (21 points): R, C \le 40, v_i = 1
```

• Solving any of these two subtasks is not much easier than solving subtask 5 $(R, C \le 40)$... It's just easier to code.

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Subtask 5 (12 points): $R, C \leq 40$

Subtask 6 (24 points): No additional constraints ($R, C \le 80$)



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- Part 1: to calculate the optimal value and find the wallpaper to be used.

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- Part 1: to calculate the optimal value and find the wallpaper to be used.
- Part 2: to find a sequence of moves to achieve the optimal value.

Subtask 5 (12 points): $R, C \le 40$ Subtask 6 (24 points): No additional constraints $(R, C \le 80)$

- There are two parts to the solution.
- Part 1: to calculate the optimal value and find the wallpaper to be used.
- Part 2: to find a sequence of moves to achieve the optimal value.
- The intended solutions for subtasks 5 and 6 differ only in part 2.

Assumption

Assume that $N < R \times C$.

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- Clearly we should choose the min(b, W) black icons and the min(w, B) white icons of the highest values.

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- Suppose that a given wallpaper has B black tiles and W white tiles, and we have b black icons and w white icons.
- Clearly we should choose the min(b, W) black icons and the min(w, B) white icons of the highest values.
- Call these chosen icons good and other icons bad.

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• Now we have chosen a wallpaper and know which icons are good.



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- Now we have chosen a wallpaper and know which icons are good.
- We want to make all good icons visible.

Each time, we "swap" two icons using three moves.

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Pseudo-code

```
• while there is a hidden good icon
Set GOOD := the hidden good icon
Find EMPTY := an empty slot
Find TARGET := a tile of opposite color to GOOD and not
occupied by a visible good icon
Perform GOOD → EMPTY
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end
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The number of moves is at most 3N, which solves subtasks 1 - 5. Time complexity: O(NRC).

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while there is a misplaced icon that can be fixed

Let *ICON* := the misplaced icon

Let TARGET := an empty slot having the target colour

Perform $ICON \rightarrow TARGET$

end

Each move, we fix exactly one misplaced icon, so the number of moves is at most N. Accepted!

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The End

• Questions?

