

Land

Chan, Siu On

January 8, 2005



Roadmap

- ▶ Problem
- ▶ Statistics
- ▶ Observations

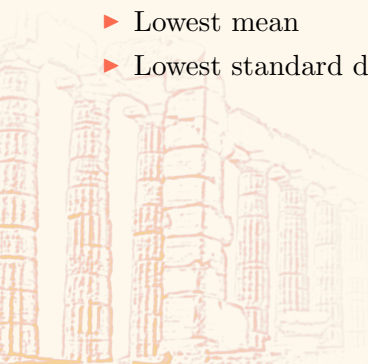


Problem

- ▶ Given a simple polygon
- ▶ Find a vertical line of the form $x = K$, where K is an integer
- ▶ Divides the polygon into left and right parts, so that they share the same perimeter

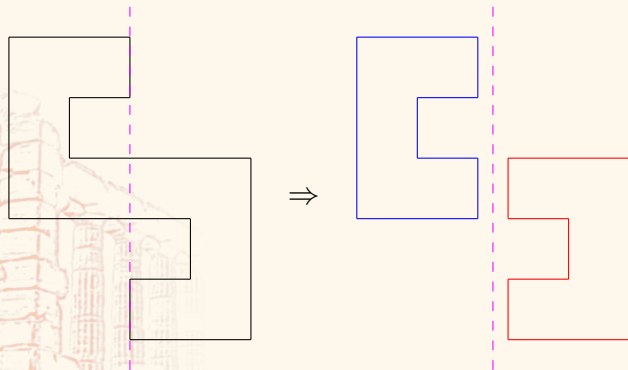
Statistics

- ▶ Maximum score obtained: 50
- ▶ Lowest mean
- ▶ Lowest standard deviation

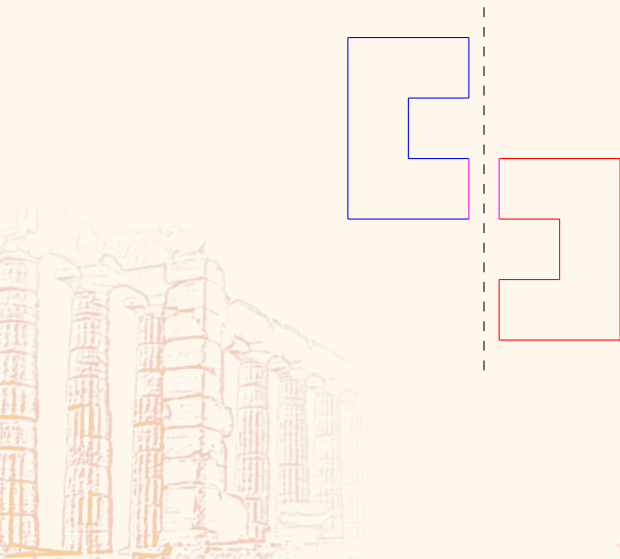


Idea

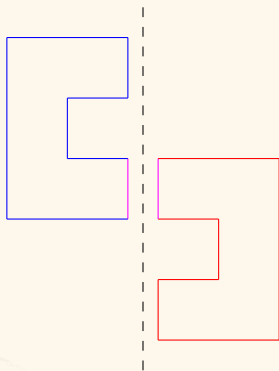
- ▶ Fix an integer K
- ▶ Computes the perimeters of left and right parts
- ▶ Pick another K if the two perimeters do not match



Observations



Observations



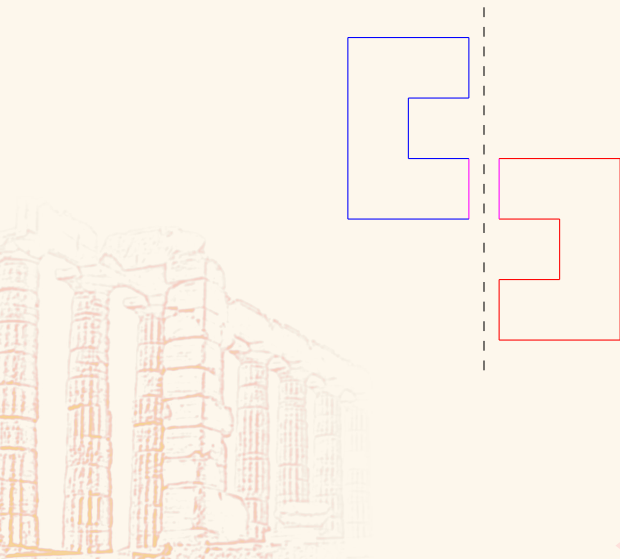
Observation 1

Need to consider the original boundary only

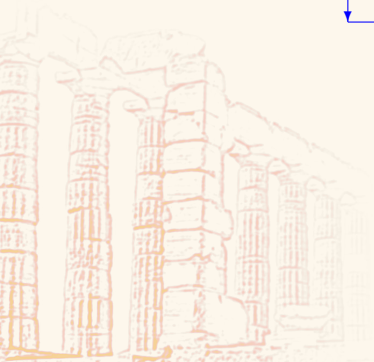
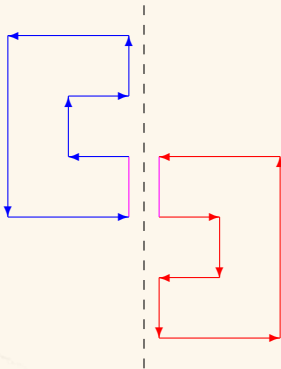
Corollary

- ▶ No need to compute perimeters of both left and right parts
- ▶ Only need to check whether the perimeter of the left part equals half of the total perimeter
- ▶ How to handle vertical line segments with $x = K$?

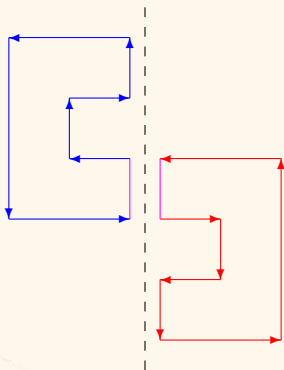
Observations



Observations



Observations



Observation 2

Vertical line segments can be classified by directions

Time analysis

- ▶ Let $f(K)$ denotes the perimeter of the left part when the whole polygon is divided by the vertical line $x = K$ (excluding new boundary)



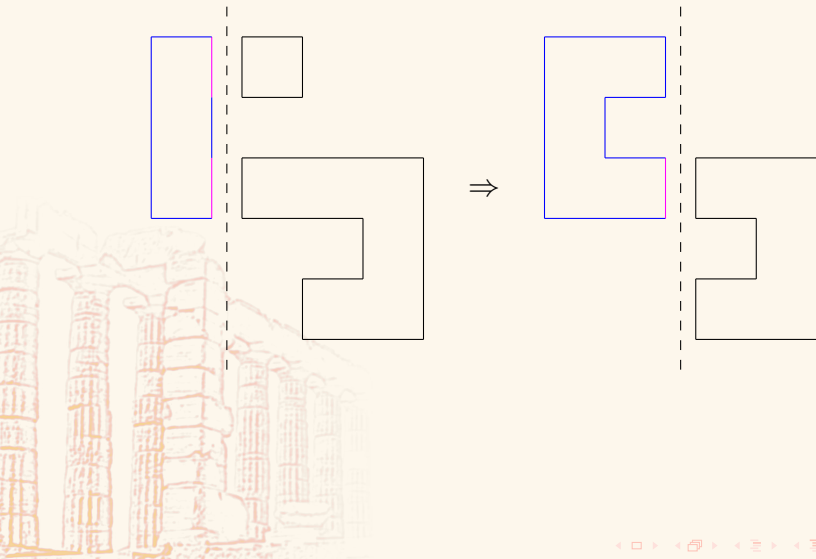
Time analysis

- ▶ Let $f(K)$ denotes the perimeter of the left part when the whole polygon is divided by the vertical line $x = K$ (excluding new boundary)
- ▶ There are at most about 60000 possible values for K
- ▶ It takes $N(\leq 30000)$ iterations to compute $f(K)$ for each K
- ▶ It may take at most 30000×60000 iterations \Rightarrow exceeding the time limit

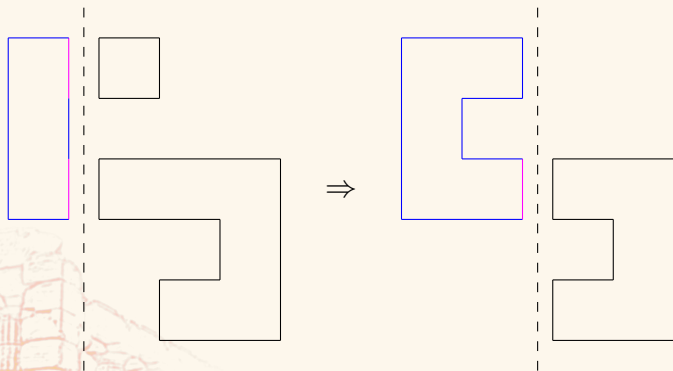
Time analysis

- ▶ Let $f(K)$ denotes the perimeter of the left part when the whole polygon is divided by the vertical line $x = K$ (excluding new boundary)
- ▶ There are at most about 60000 possible values for K
- ▶ It takes $N(\leq 30000)$ iterations to compute $f(K)$ for each K
- ▶ It may take at most 30000×60000 iterations \Rightarrow exceeding the time limit
- ▶ For 50% of the input, it takes at most about 1000×2000 iterations, which is affordable.

Observations



Observations



Observation 3

$f(x)$ is an increasing function of $x \Rightarrow$ binary search applies

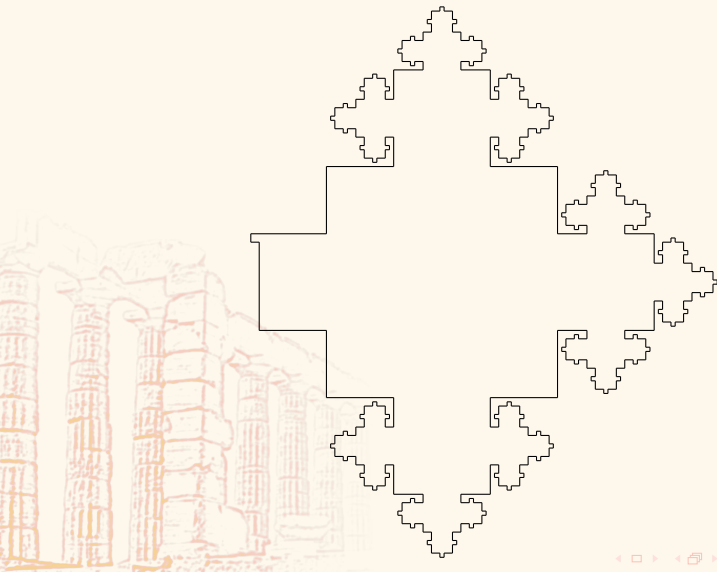
Time analysis

- ▶ Only about $\log_2 60000$ possible values of K need to be tested
- ▶ It takes at most $30000 \times \log_2 60000 \leq 500000$ iterations
- ▶ Sample solution program takes less than 0.1 seconds to run

Summary

1. Need to consider the original boundary only
2. Vertical line segments can be classified by directions
3. $f(x)$ is an increasing function of $x \Rightarrow$ binary search applies

Gallery



Chan, Siu On

Land